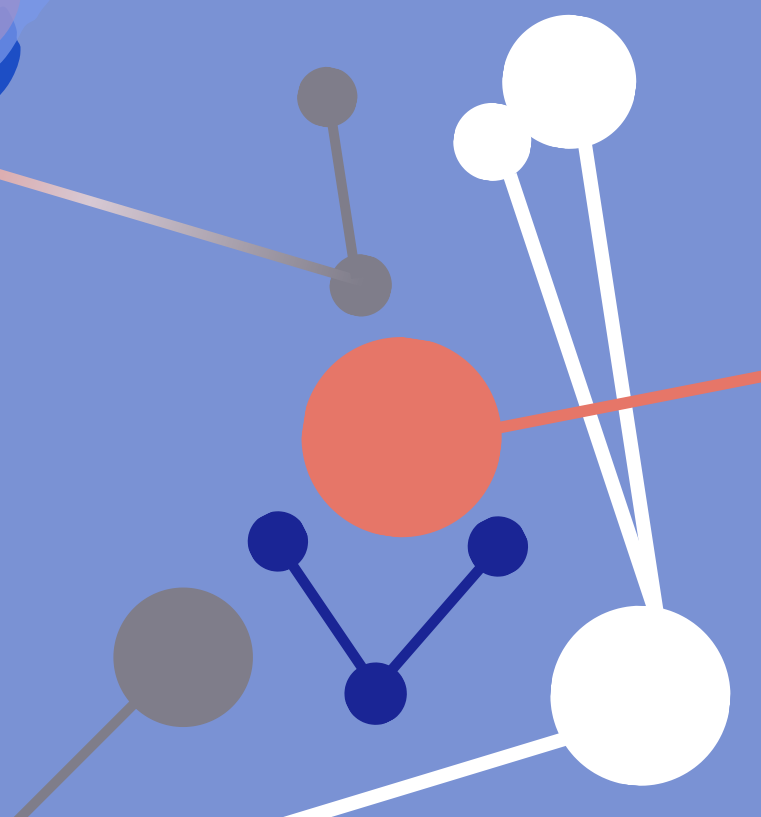
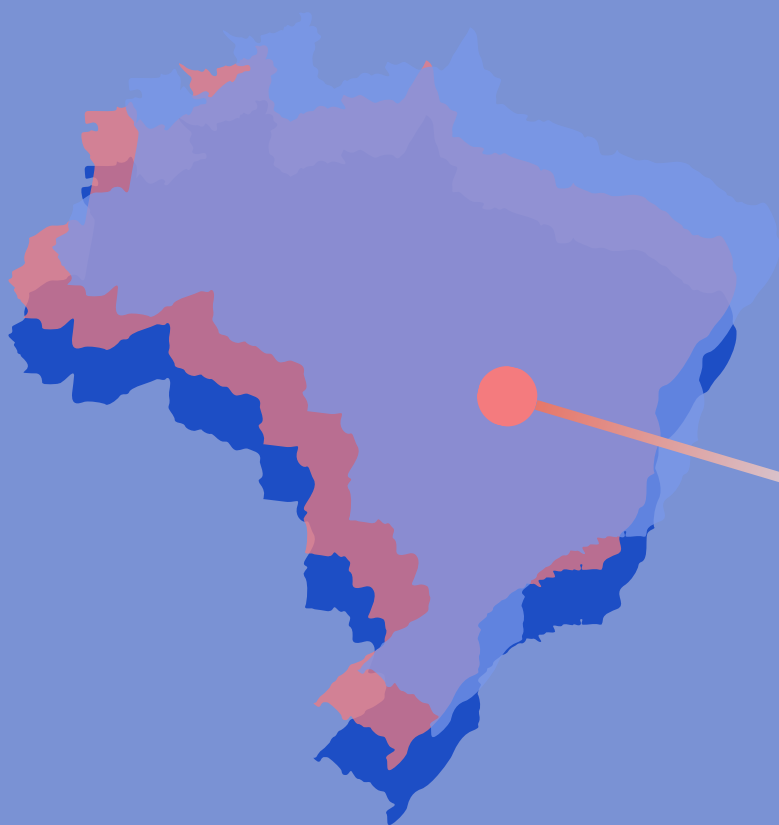


CLIMATE CRISIS AT THE POLLS:

HOW PORTO ALEGRE'S MAYORAL CANDIDATES ADDRESS ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES

2024



Climate Crisis at the Polls: How Porto Alegre's Mayoral Candidates Address Environmental Challenges

September, 2024

Analysis by



With municipal elections taking place in October 2024 in Brazil, this report analyses how the city of Porto Alegre's mayoral candidates are addressing the climate crisis. With already existing environmental challenges exacerbated by climate change, the city was recently hit by some of the most severe floods in its history. Hence, it is crucial to understand how the leading candidates discuss climate-related subjects and observe whether the topic is a priority during the first two weeks of their election campaigns.

Key findings:

- *The floods in Porto Alegre were catastrophic, seriously damaging the city's infrastructure and displacing thousands, so discussions about the floods have dominated the online discourse of Porto Alegre's mayoral candidates, with 41 per cent of their posts addressing this issue. This indicates a significant focus on environmental disasters, although other topics, such as national politics and municipal policies, have also been prominent in their communications.*
- *The volume of climate-related posts peaked after the initial floods hit Porto Alegre, demonstrating that candidates prioritise environmental issues when they are most immediate. That attention to these issues appears to have declined once the immediate impact of the floods subsides, however, reflecting a reactive, rather than proactive approach to climate policy discussions.*
- *The volume of posts addressing environmental issues has varied among candidates, with Sebastião Melo of the Brazilian Democratic Movement (MDB) posting the highest percentage of climate-related content. This underscores the candidates' differing emphases on climate change and flood response.*
- *In the first two weeks of the official election campaign, however, there was a notable decrease in posts about floods and climate-related issues, as*

compared to other topics. This trend suggests that, while climate issues are crucial during crises, candidates address them opportunistically, likely in response to immediate public concern, rather than to a sustained commitment. Such a reactive, rather than proactive, approach indicates that discussions on climate response are seen as politically advantageous in the immediate aftermath of floods, but are not prioritised as a long-term agenda item in the candidates' online campaign strategies.

This analysis was performed by **Democracy Reporting International**.

Methodology

This report examines the online political discourse of mayoral candidates in Porto Alegre, the capital of the state of Rio Grande do Sul, in Brazil. We analysed which topics the candidates have addressed since the beginning of 2024, explicitly observing the debate surrounding climate-related issues, considering the recent floods that affected the city.

Using quantitative and qualitative analysis methods, we analysed Instagram posts from four mayoral candidates from 1 January to 31 August 2024. Researchers used a social media listening tool, FanPage Karma, to collect data from Instagram.¹ We collected 2,149 posts shared on the platform by the four leading candidates: The incumbent, Sebastião Melo (MDB), Felipe Camozzato, of the Novo Party, Juliana Brizola, of the Democratic Labour Party (PDT), and Maria do Rosário, of the Workers' Party (PT).

For the quantitative analysis, we employed two primary methods for interpreting the posts: (i) topic modelling, a technique that allows us to match words found in Instagram comments to their probability of association with broader topics, and (ii) volume analysis, comparing the number of climate-related posts to that of overall posts. For every quantitative analysis, we performed qualitative checks and interpretation of the data.

I. The Climate Crisis in Porto Alegre

- The floods that hit the state of Rio Grande do Sul in April 2024 were devastating, particularly in Porto Alegre. In May, the level of Lake Guaíba reached 5.37 metres

¹ The data was collected by FGV-ECMI, DRI's partner within the Media and Democracy Project.

in the centre of the capital, surpassing [several historic floods in the city](#). Entire neighbourhoods were submerged, forcing the evacuation of thousands of people, and causing extensive damage to infrastructure. The city faced a collapse in power and water supplies, with areas cut off and main roads blocked, and with [160,000 people being directly affected by the biggest flood in the capital's 252-year history](#). These events intensified the discussion about the need for improvements to flood protection structures, which had already been highlighted in previous discourse, but had received little investment in recent years.

- The ["Brazil 2040" report predicted such a disaster](#), warning of increased rainfall and the greater frequency of extreme events in southern Brazil due to climate change. The report recommended implementing warning systems and adapting infrastructure, especially in urban areas like Porto Alegre. Many of these preventative measures were not effectively put into practice, however, contributing to the severity of the damage during the recent floods.
- The floods of 2024 left a legacy of material and human loss, reinforcing the urgency of climate adaptation actions. Experts emphasise that it is essential to overhaul the city's drainage system and strengthen the city's dykes, so that Porto Alegre and other areas of the state are better prepared for such future events.
- In the context of the 2024 municipal elections, mayoral candidates started their political campaign on 16 August. During the first live television debate, the floods and the local and national response to the disaster [dominated the exchanges among the candidates](#).
- This report observes to what extent the candidates have discussed these issues in their online communications, specifically on Instagram.

II. 2024 Municipal Elections: Main Topics Discussed by Porto Alegre's Mayoral Candidates since January 2024

- As of October 2024, Porto Alegre's municipal elections featured various candidates, representing various political ideologies and parties. This analysis focuses on the leading four mayoral candidates.

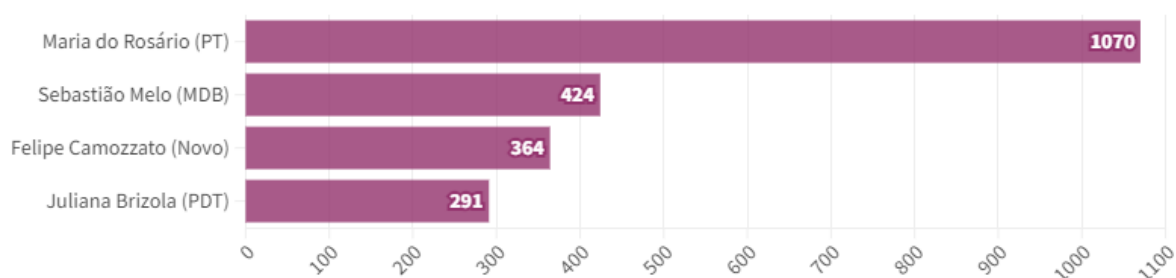
Table 1: Mayoral Candidates' Profiles

Candidates	Party	Notes
Sebastião Melo	Brazilian Democratic Movement (MDB)	Melo is running for re-election and leads a centre-right coalition, focusing on continuity and economic stability.
Maria do Rosário	Workers' Party (PT)	Do Rosário is a member of the federal parliament, and is the Worker's Party's candidate. She is part of a left-wing alliance with other parties.
Felipe Camozzato	Novo Party (Novo)	Camozzato is a member of the Rio Grande do Sul legislature. He is from the libertarian-leaning Novo party, emphasising market-friendly policies and minimal government intervention.
Juliana Brizola	Democratic Labour Party (PDT)	Brizola comes from a political family from Rio Grande do Sul, and is running for the centre-left PDT.

Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- In the first part of the analysis, we examined the volume of posts from the mayoral candidates between 1 January and 31 August 2024. The graph below shows the total number of posts per candidate on Instagram. We can see that Rosário (PT) was the most active candidate, with 1,070 posts on Instagram, while the others had around 200-400 posts during the analysed period.

Graph 1: Number of Posts per Mayoral Candidate from Porto Alegre on Instagram



The graph shows the total number of posts on Instagram by mayoral candidates from Porto Alegre between 1 January and 31 August 2024.

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- For deeper insights, we ran topic modelling on the dataset, to understand the main issues covered by these candidates, and the extent to which climate-related posts were part of their political communications.

Graph 2: Main Topics Discussed by Mayoral Candidates from Porto Alegre



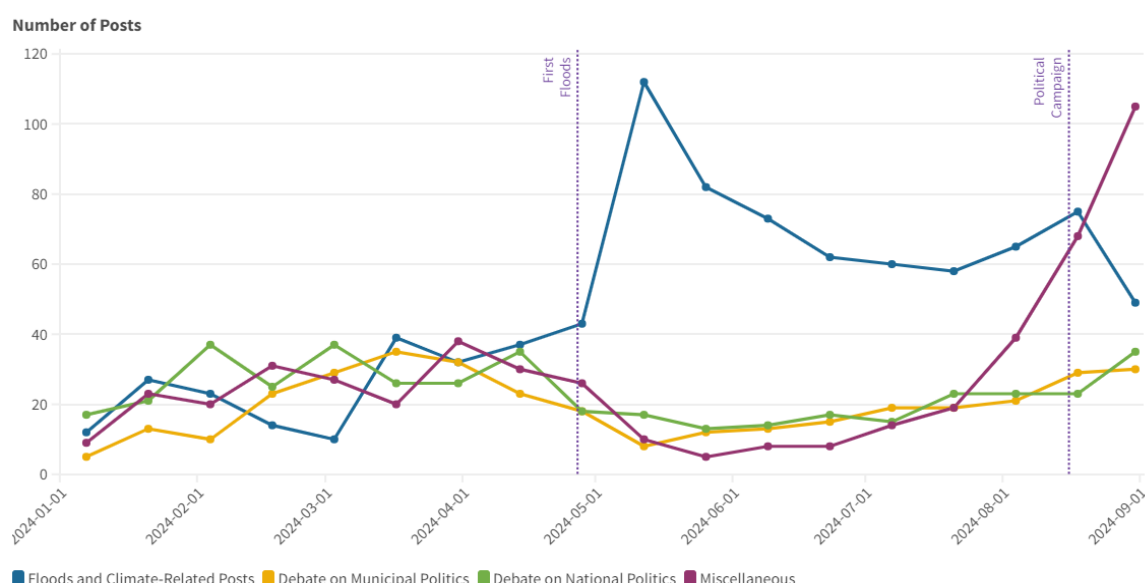
The treemap shows the main climate-related sub-topics discussed by mayoral candidates from Porto Alegre on Instagram between 1 January and 31 August 2024

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- As [demonstrated in a previous analysis by DRI](#), municipal elections represent an essential opportunity for candidates to consolidate or recapture influence and support in their regions. Topics such as national politics and the economy, and issues such as public health and education significantly impact local elections in Brazil.
- Graph 2 displays the main topics and sub-topics discussed by Porto Alegre mayoral candidates. The analysis shows that posts regarding the floods were predominant throughout their communications, totalling 883 posts (41 per cent), followed by various other topics, such as debates on national politics (423 posts, 19.7 per cent) and on municipal policies on specific issues (352 posts, 16.3 per cent). Others covered miscellaneous subjects (491 posts, 23 per cent).

- When debating “floods and climate-related issues”, the candidates most often posted content with: (i) solidarity messages, writing about hope for a better future and a prosperous, rebuilt city; (ii) flood warnings, advising the population in affected areas to leave their homes; (iii) comments about the federal government’s actions towards supporting the city administration; (iv) messages that directly attributed the disaster to climate change; and (v) posts regarding public security and available shelters for displaced people.
- Candidates also focused on national and municipal politics in their Instagram posts. While the posts usually supported or criticised the current federal government on national issues, the local discussions were more specific, including topics such as public education, women’s rights, urban mobility, and public health being predominant.
- The category “miscellaneous” encompasses posts on specific holidays (Mother’s Day, Carnival, Labor Day, etc.), personal posts on the candidates’ private lives, and posts highlighting their decision to run for mayor in the municipal elections.
- When observing the distribution of these topics over the last months, we saw that climate-related posts peaked after the first floods hit Porto Alegre, as would be expected. Graph 3 shows that candidates prioritised the debate around environmental issues and the floods over other topics in the months immediately following the floods.

Graph 3: Topic Distribution Over Time



The graph shows the distribution of topics between 1 January and 31 August 2024 with temporal marks for the floods affecting Porto Alegre

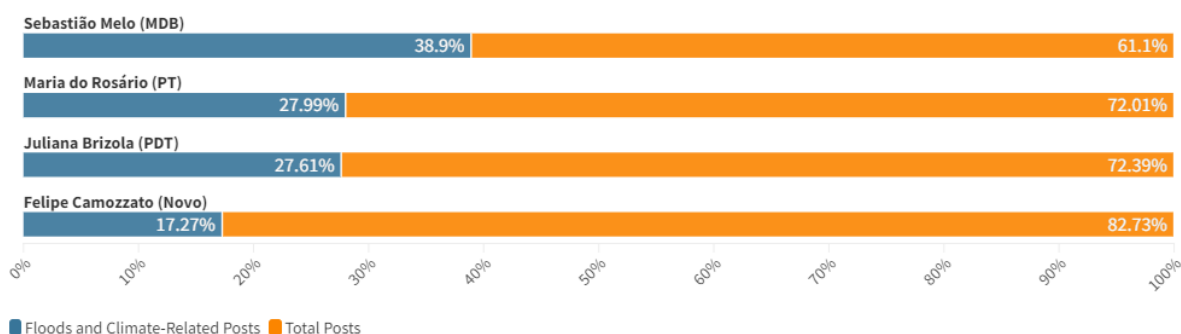
Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- Interestingly, the discussion around floods and other climate-related issues diminished once the political campaigns officially started, on 16 August. In the next section, we will dive deeper into the candidates' communications around these topics in the first two weeks of campaigning.

III. Presence of Climate-Related Posts in the Online Discourse of Porto Alegre's Mayoral Candidates

- In this section, we will explore the floods and climate-related topics in greater detail, to determine how candidates have discussed them since the beginning of 2024, after which, in the next section, we will dive deep into these communications during the first two weeks of political campaigning (between 16 and 31 August).
- As previously shown, overall, posts about the floods dominated the online communication of the four leading mayoral candidates. When examining their communication individually, however, we observed that climate-related posts prevailed for none of them. Graph 4 shows that climate-related posts were not the most prevalent for any of the candidates.
- Melo (MDB), the current mayor of Porto Alegre, had the highest percentage of climate-related posts (270 of 424 posts, almost 40 per cent), followed by do Rosário (PT), who had the highest number of posts overall (1,070), but of which just 416, just under 28 per cent, were climate-related, and Brizola (PDT), with nearly around 28 per cent of her posts (111 of 291) discussing the floods and climate-related issue. The candidate with the lowest percentage of posts discussing these issues was Camozzato (Novo), with only 76 of his 364 total posts, (around 17 per cent) related to this topic.

Graph 4: Volume of Each Candidate's Climate-Related Posts, Compared to Overall Posts

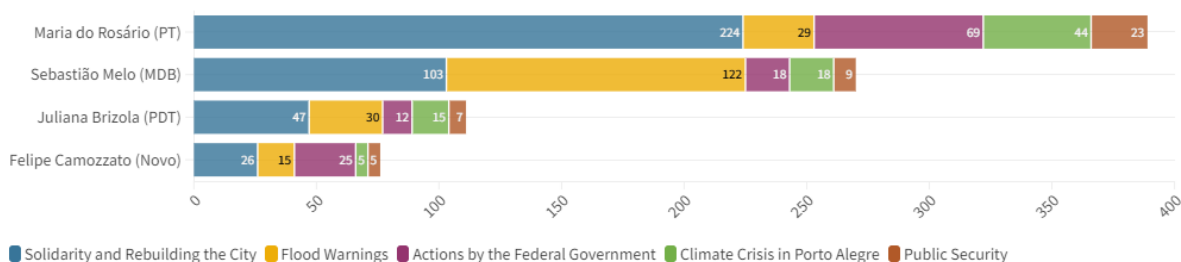


The graph shows the percentage of climate-related posts compared to the overall posts on Instagram by mayoral candidates from Porto Alegre between 1 January and 31 August 2024

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- When breaking down their climate-related posts, we observed that, with the exception of Melo (MDB), all of the candidates posted messages of solidarity and rebuilding the city as their primary content within all climate-related posts.

Graph 5: Volume of Each Candidate's Posts addressing Environmental Issues



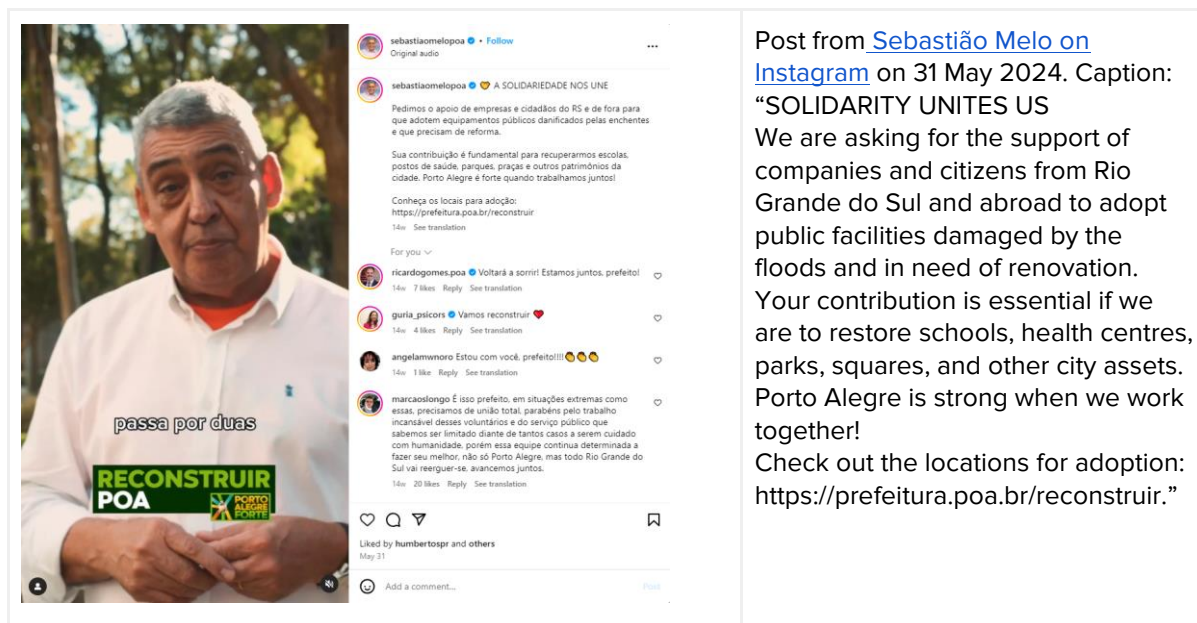
The bar graph shows the total amount of climate-related posts in absolute numbers by mayoral candidates from Porto Alegre distributed over categories on Instagram between 1 January and 31 August 2024.

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

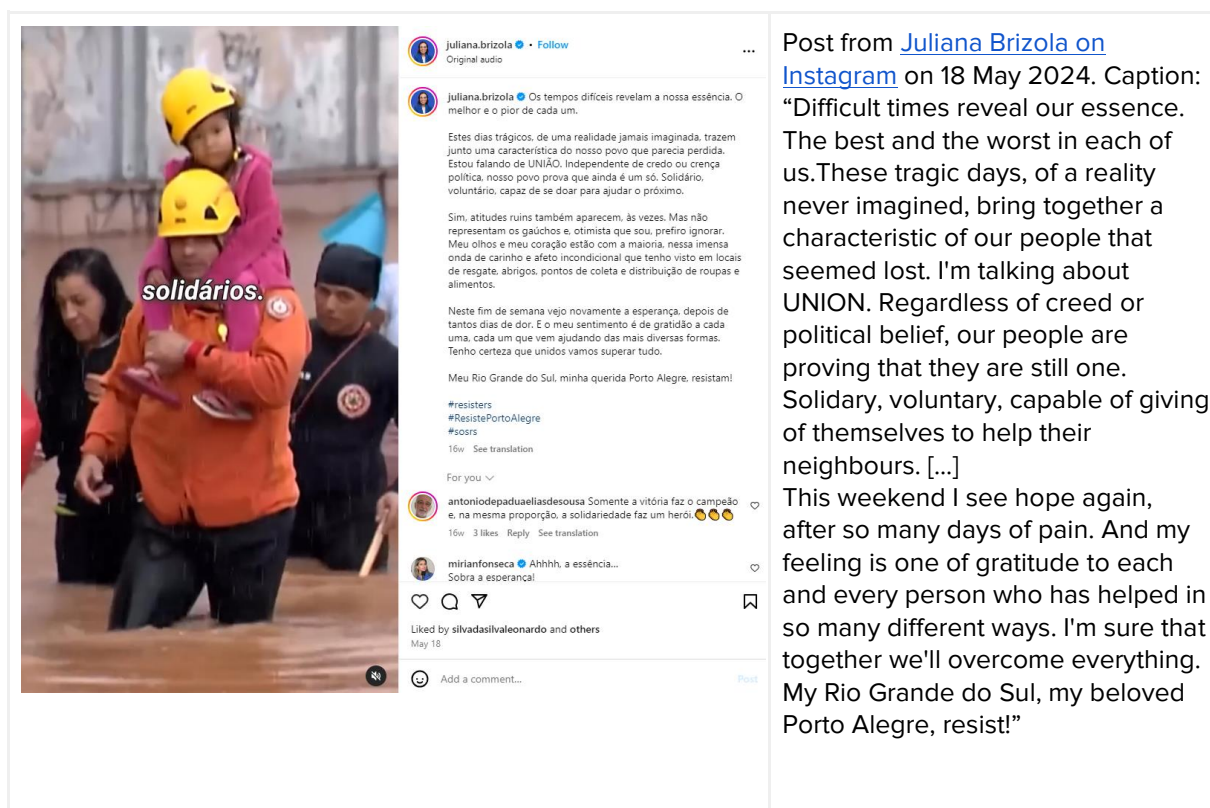
Solidarity and Rebuilding the City

- Overall, "solidarity and rebuilding the city" was the most common focus, indicating its importance in the climate-related discourse among the candidates. The posts addressed the floods, with messages of solidarity with the affected

people and families, and shared messages of hope for collective efforts to rebuild Porto Alegre.



Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International




Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- The overwhelming focus on rebuilding and solidarity suggests that climate-related communication is centred on community-focused narratives, likely

because these resonate more with citizens dealing with the aftermath of extreme climate events.

Actions by the Federal Government

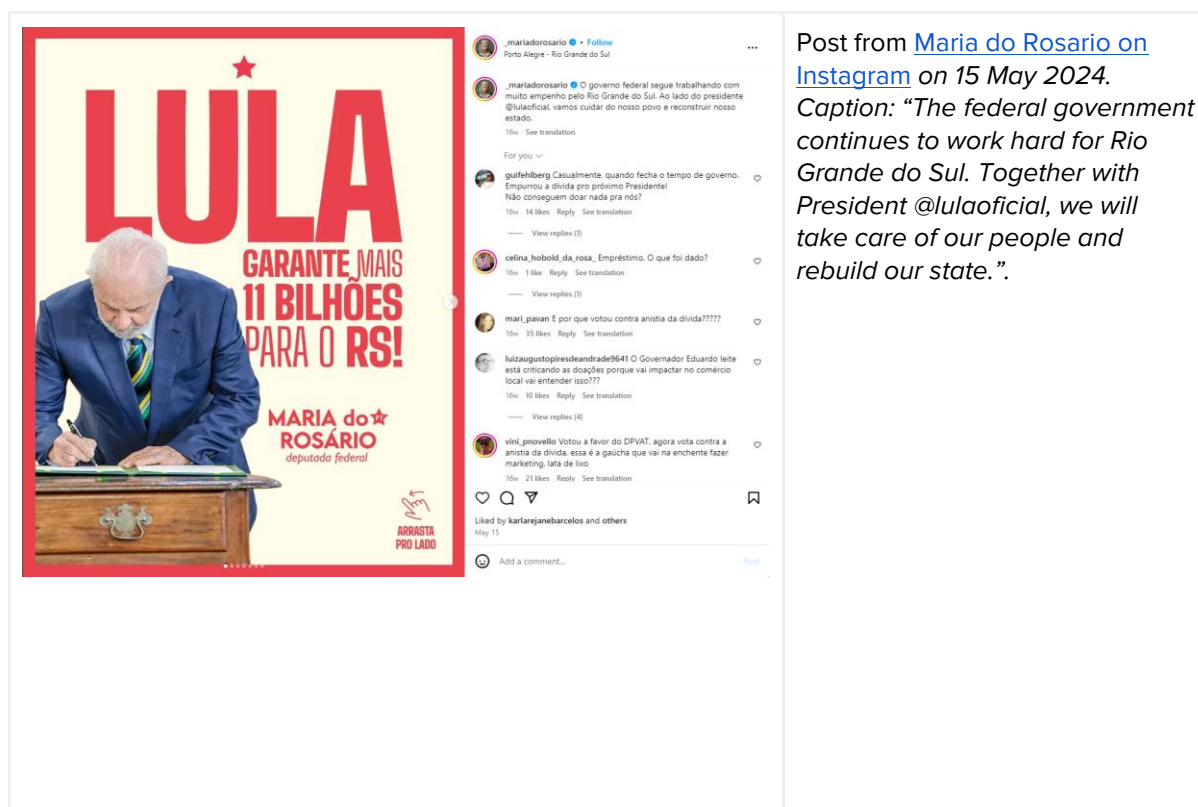
- In the "actions by the federal government" category, there is a clear distinction in how candidates approached the subject, mainly influenced by their political affiliations. In her posts in this category, do Rosário, being from the same party as the country's president, Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva (popularly referred to simply as "Lula"), predominantly supported and promoted the federal government's actions. Her alignment with the federal administration reflects her positive framing of national initiatives and policies.



Post from [Maria do Rosario on Instagram](#) on 16 May 2024.

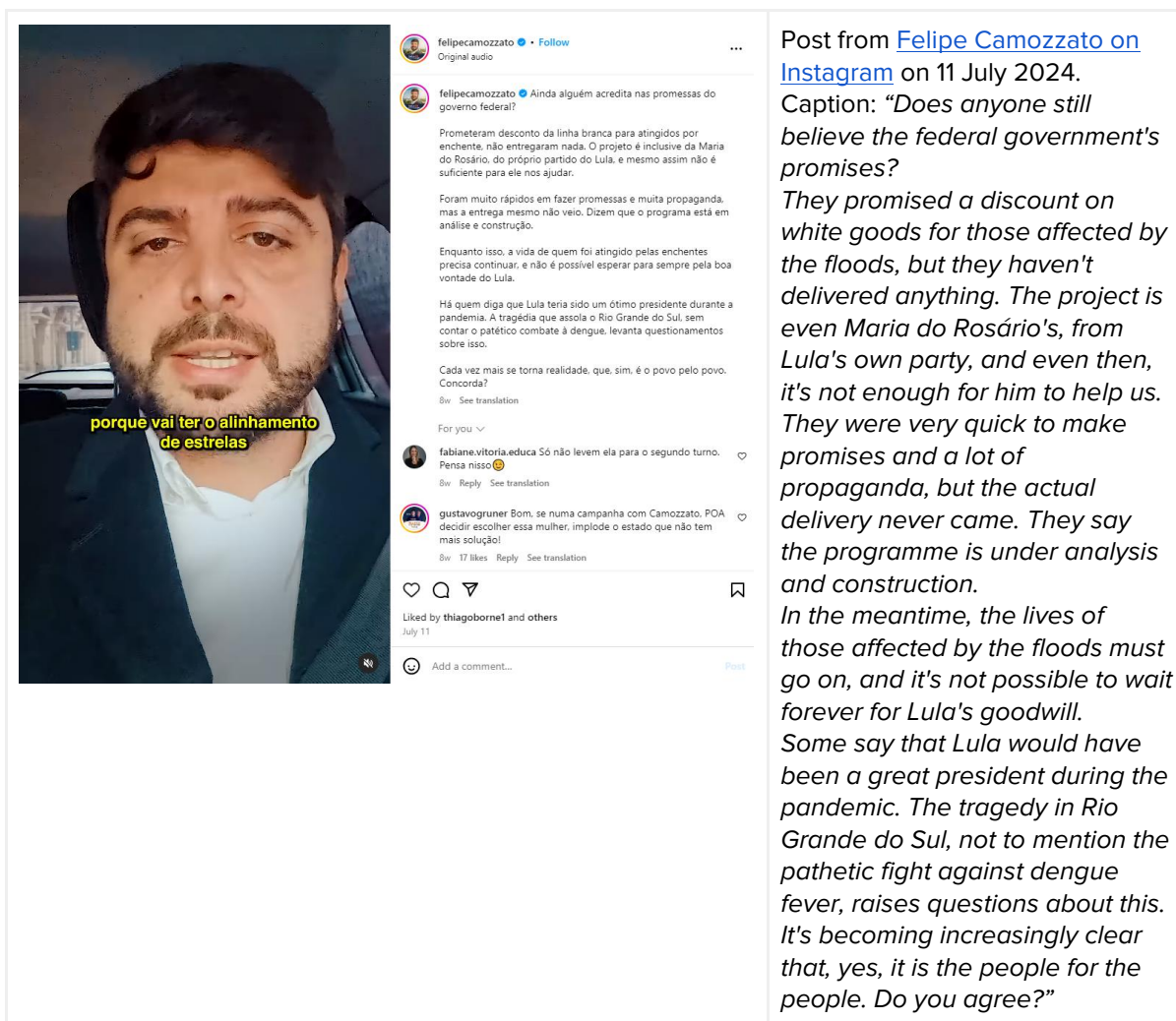
Caption: *"President @lulaoficial continues to be sensitive and mobilised to take care of our Rio Grande do Sul. On a visit to the Unisinos shelter in São Leopoldo yesterday, the federal government announced a series of measures that will be an important step in the process of rebuilding the lives of each of the families affected by the flood. Together, we will continue to work for our Porto Alegre and our state!"*

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International



Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

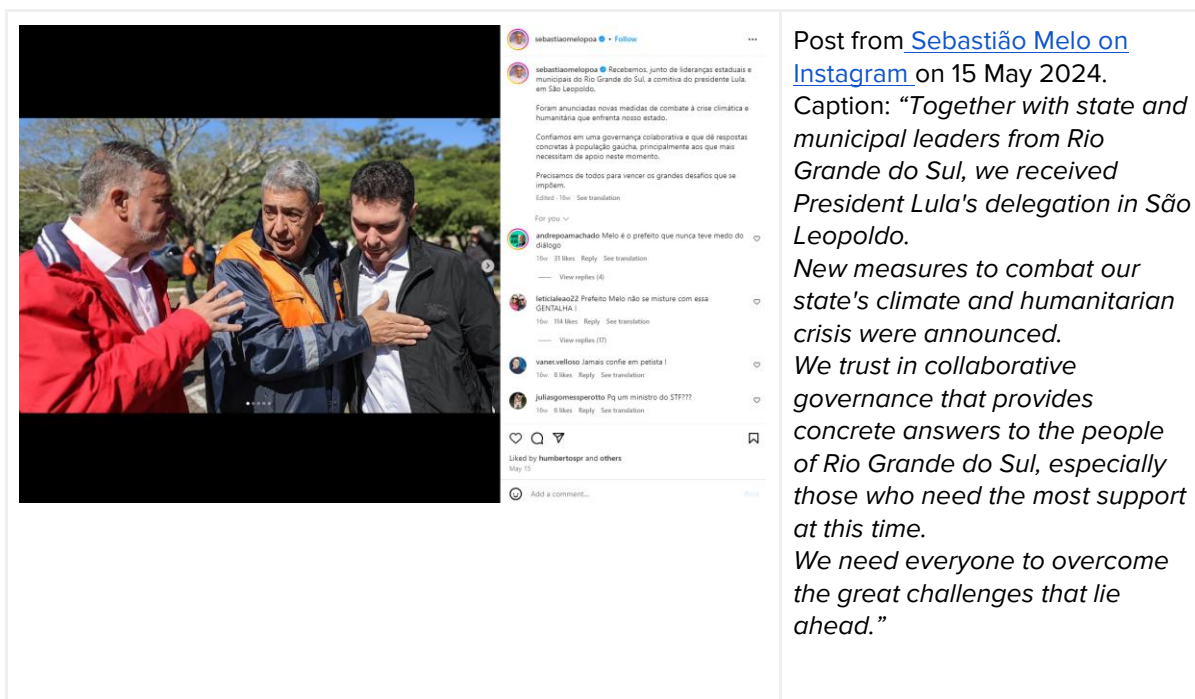
- On the other hand, Camozzato (Novo) took a critical stance towards the federal government in his posts, reflecting his opposition to Lula’s policies. His communication strategy in this category likely appeals to voters who are sceptical of or dissatisfied with federal interventions during the floods in Porto Alegre. Camozzato’s critique differentiates his platform by positioning him as a candidate offering an alternative to the status quo, distancing himself from the current government’s actions.



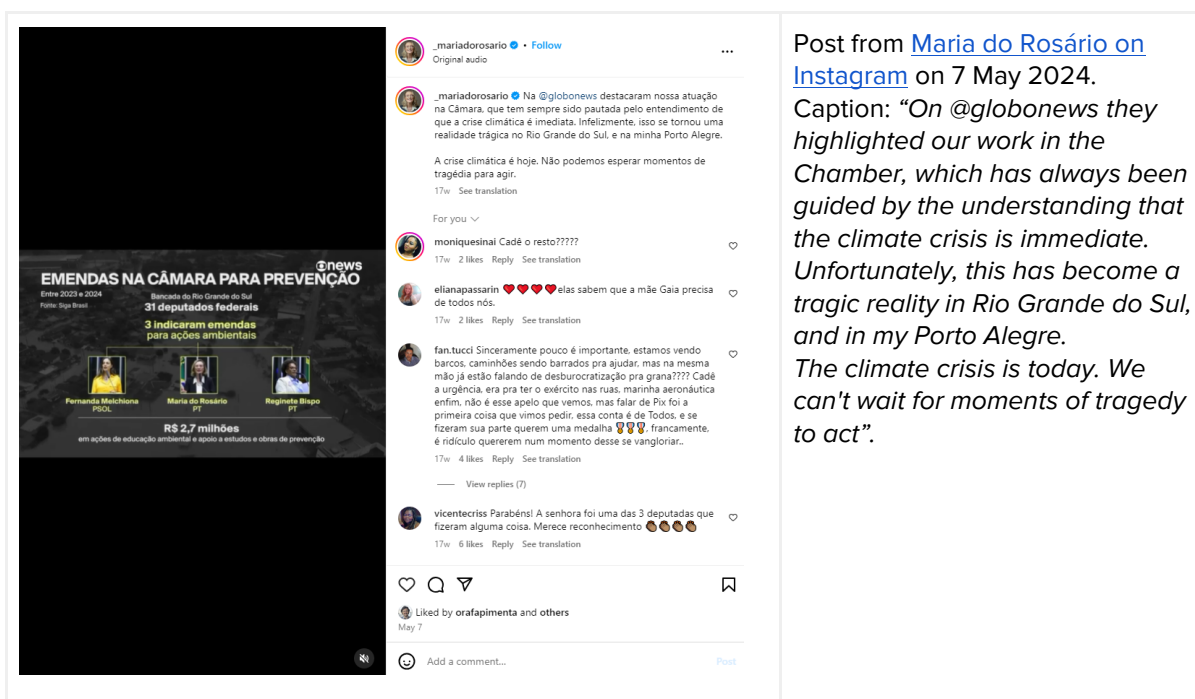
Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

Climate Crisis in Porto Alegre

- The "climate crisis in Porto Alegre" was not prominent in most candidates' posts. This indicates that direct attribution of recent floods and environmental disasters to global climate change is not central to their communication strategies.
- With 44 posts dedicated to this category, do Rosário stands out as the candidate most actively linking local environmental events to global climate change. Melo (MDB), Brizola (PDT), and Felipe Camozzato (Novo) had notably fewer posts in this category. Their limited focus could suggest a decision to concentrate on immediate, more tangible issues, rather than framing the floods within the broader context of climate change. Nonetheless, we still found posts by all candidates addressing the issue, but on a smaller scale than initially expected by the researchers.



Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

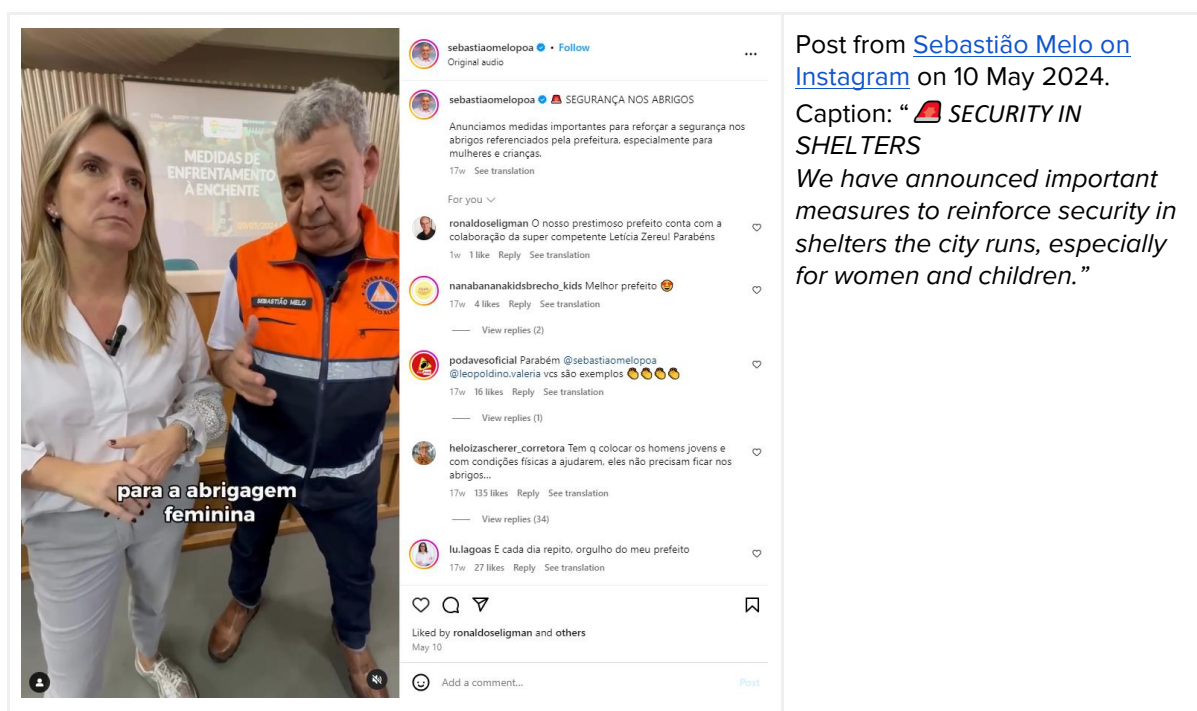


Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- This disparity in the focus of the candidates' posts suggests a predominant avoidance of the broader climate change dialogue in favour of more immediate, tangible responses to environmental disasters. It indicates that most candidates opted to address the immediate effects of the floods and the urgent needs of the constituents, rather than engaging in a comprehensive discussion about long-term systemic climate challenges and policy innovations.

Flood Warnings and Public Security

- The four candidates did not often post about public security and flood warnings, suggesting that these topics are less central to their social media strategies. Apart from Melo (MDB), who had the most posts covering flood warnings – most likely due to his role as the current mayor – the candidates posted fewer real-time warnings to the population.
- Posts on “public security” discussed specific and necessary measures the local government should take – or had taken – to ensure the safety of displaced people, especially women and children, at public shelters. This was a topic of concern throughout the rescue and placement of the population in the shelters, and many women and children showed relief when [the local government announced exclusive shelters](#).

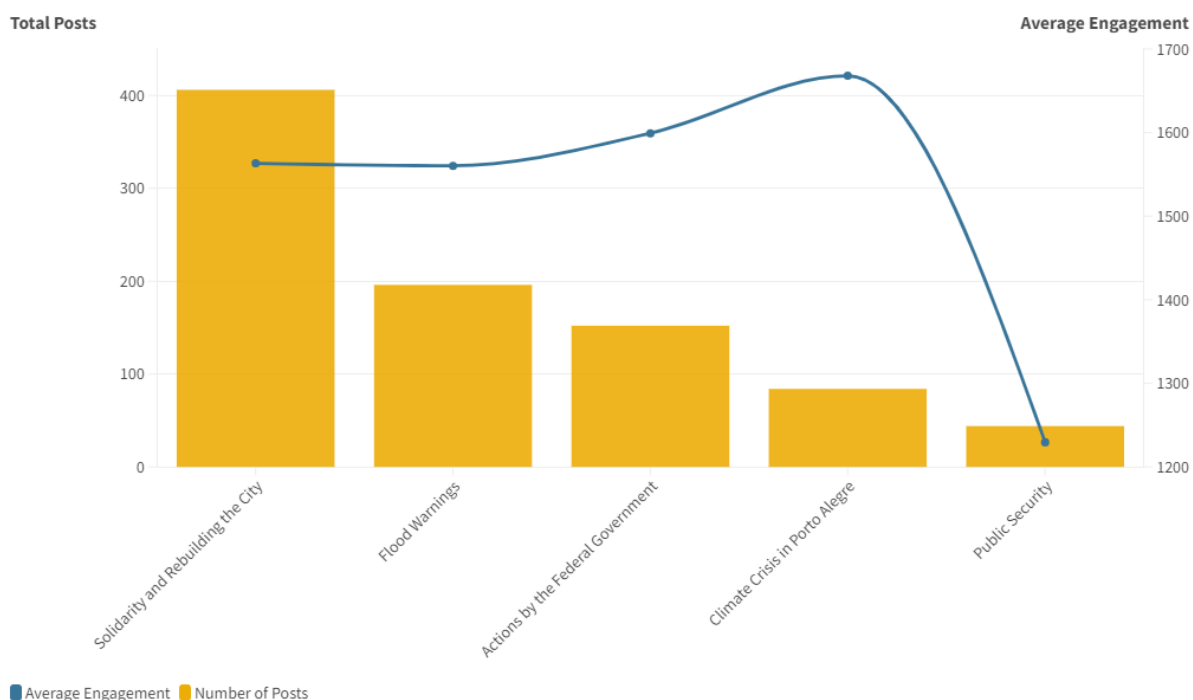


Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

Engagement per Climate-Related Topic

- Graph 6 shows that posts about the "climate crisis in Porto Alegre," despite being fewer in number, generated the highest average engagement among all topics. This indicates that, while the volume of discussion around the broader climate issues was smaller, these posts resonated strongly with the audience, potentially due to the critical relevance of climate change discussions within the context of ongoing environmental challenges in Porto Alegre.

Graph 6: Volume of Posts by All Candidates in the First Two Weeks of the Election Campaign



The graph shows the total number of posts per climate-related topic and average engagement on Instagram between 1 January and 31 August, 2024.

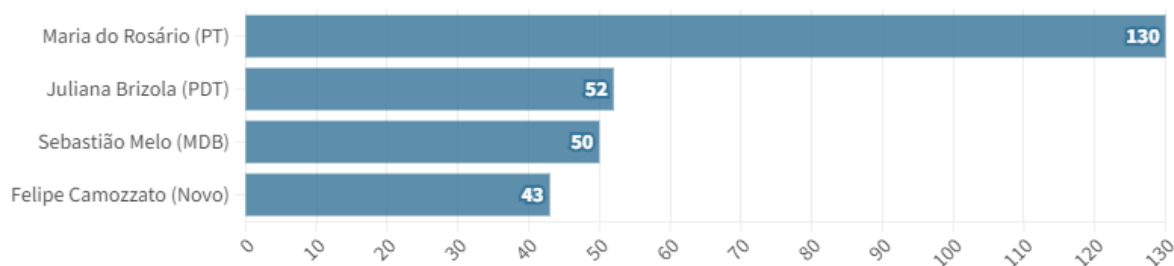
Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- "Solidarity and rebuilding the city" was the most frequently discussed topic, with the highest number of posts. It also generated high engagement levels, second only slightly to the broader climate crisis topic. This suggests a solid public connection and response to posts that focus on community rebuilding efforts and solidarity, highlighting the importance of these themes in the aftermath of the floods.

IV. The First Two Weeks of Election Campaigning

- Between 16 and 31 August, the first two weeks of the official election campaign, candidates posted different volumes of content online. Do Rosário (PT) was by far the most active candidate on Instagram during this time, with 130 posts, more than double the number of posts by any other candidate.

Graph 7: Volume of Each Candidate's Posts in the First Two Weeks of the Election Campaign

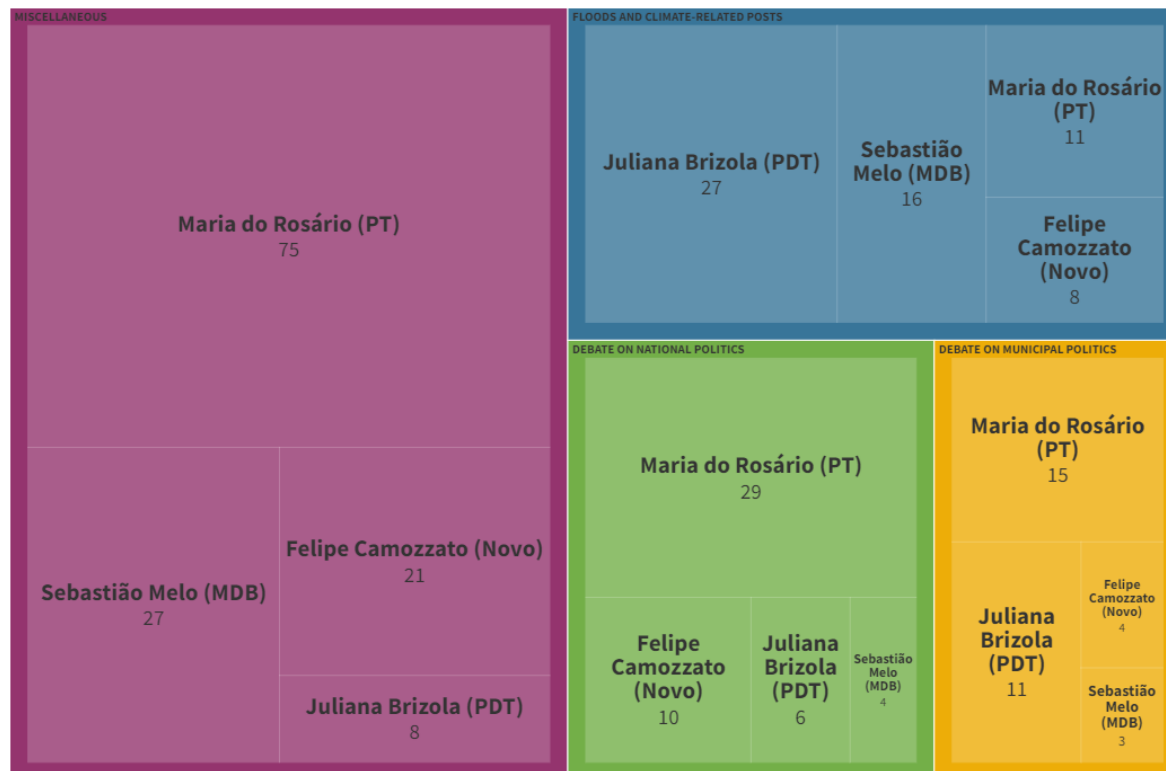


The graph shows the total number of posts on Instagram by mayoral candidates from Porto Alegre between 16 and 31 August 2024

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- Although the first television debate dominated the online discussion of floods and climate-related issues, our data from the first two weeks of campaigning shows a different picture. Out of the total 275 posts the four candidates shared online, only 62 addressed the “floods and climate-related” topic.

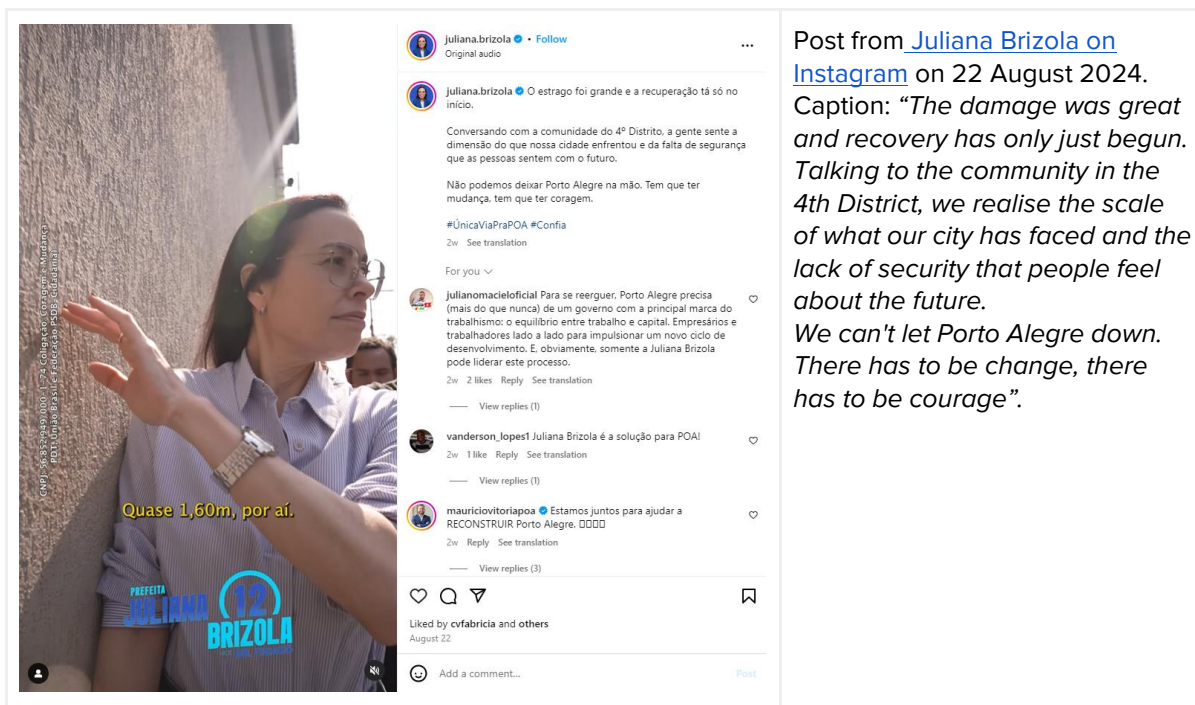
Graph 8: Number of Posts per Topic per Candidate in the First Two Weeks of Political Campaign



The treemap shows the number of posts per mayoral candidate from Porto Alegre by topic found on Instagram between 16 and 31 August 2024

Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

- In the first two weeks, Brizola (PDT) lead in the flood and climate-related posts category, with 27 posts. Before the campaign started, she shared significantly less than do Rosário and Melo on these issues, suggesting that Brizola might now actively engage with the climate change narrative to emphasise this topic for her electorate.



Data Source: Instagram Elaboration: Democracy Reporting International

About the **Media and Democracy Project**

The School of Communication, Media, and Information of the Getúlio Vargas Foundation (FGV ECMI) and the European Union (EU) have established a partnership to collaborate on strengthening Brazilian democracy and the integrity of digital spaces. The initiative, known as the Media and Democracy Project, will be conducted in collaboration with the fact-checking platform Lupa, “Democracy Reporting International” (DRI) the German centre for public debate analysis. The project focuses on debates concerning gender issues, racial inequality, minority rights, hate speech, and other important agendas in Brazilian politics. The project encompasses monitoring and analysis of digital media, fact-checking, and the establishment of a Council as a public space for promoting positive dialogue, involving researchers, civil society, representatives from the government, and platform stakeholders.

Authorship:

This report was written, and the data analysis conducted by Beatriz Saab, Digital Democracy Research Officer at Democracy Reporting International.

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Founded in 1944, the Getúlio Vargas Foundation (Fundação Getúlio Vargas, FGV) was established with the goal of promoting Brazil's socioeconomic development through the education of qualified administrators in both the public and private sectors. Over time, FGV expanded its scope to encompass other fields of knowledge such as Social Sciences, Law, Economics, History, Applied Mathematics, International Relations, and Communication, becoming a benchmark for quality and excellence with its ten schools.

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Established in 2022, the School of Communication, Media, and Information (FGV ECMI) is a pioneer in educating a new profile of professionals who will work in strategic sectors of Communication, Media, and Information within public institutions, private companies, and Third Sector organizations. The School combines FGV's tradition and FGV DAPP's extensive experience in applying Technology and Data Science to innovate and propose solutions in the field of Communication. FGV ECMI brings together highly qualified professors from Brazil and abroad, an internationally recognized teaching methodology, an innovative curriculum, state-of-the-art laboratories, and networking and professional placement experiences for students.

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